# CSCE 156 – Lab: SQL II

#### Handout

### 0. Prior to the Laboratory

- 1. Review the previous lab handout.
- 2. Review this handout.
- 3. Review the following materials (red items are important):

Торіс	Link
Creating Tables	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_create_table.asp
	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_autoincrement.asp
Туреѕ	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_datatypes.asp
Primary Keys & Auto Incrementing	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_primarykey.asp
	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_autoincrement.asp
Foreign Keys	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_foreignkey.asp
Remove Table From DB	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_drop.asp
Modify Structure of Existing Tables	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_alter.asp
Other Constraints	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_notnull.asp
	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_unique.asp
	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_default.asp
Advanced Activity	http://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_top.asp

# 1. Lab Objectives & Topics

Upon completion of this lab you should:

- Gain experience with simple database design strategy
- Understand the motivation for entity relations and concepts
- Learn how to create a database from your design

#### 2. Problem Statement

In this lab we will continue to work with the Album database. For reference, the database schema is presented in Figure 1 as an Entity-Relation diagram.



Figure 1: The Albums Database

A careful examination of the DDL file provided (albums.sql) indicates how these tables were built and related to each other. New requirements may mean that the underlying data model must be modified to support new pieces of data. For example, if we wanted to keep track of the emails of each Musician we could modify the Musicians table to include an email address. SQL allows us to *alter* tables:

ALTER TABLE Musicians ADD EmailAddress VARCHAR(50);

A better solution would add support for *multiple* emails in which case we would need to add an entirely new table.

```
CREATE TABLE email (
    EmailID INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    MusicianID INT NOT NULL,
    Address VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(email_id),
    FOREIGN KEY `fk_email_to_musician` (MusicianID) REFERENCES
    Musician(MusicianID)
);
```

In this lab, you will build on the Albums database to add support for modeling venues (concert halls) at which bands are under contract to play select album songs. You will add tables and keys to this database to support this functionality.

## **Activity 1: Solution out line**

In this activity you will design entities and relation(s) to extend the Albums database such that it supports the following concert information:

- 1. The band playing at the concert
- 2. The band's select album songs played at the concert
- 3. The date the concert was held
- 4. The name of the hall where the concert was held
- 5. The number of seats in the concert hall
- 6. The number of concert tickets sold

List 1 The information which needs to be supported by the new database.

The entities and relations illustrated in Figure 2 serves as a basis for the solution. You will add fields and another entity by following the first section of the worksheet.



Figure 2 The songs table is part of the original

The *Songs* table is part of the original *Albums* database. Relationships between two entities are indicated by a line between the two entities and in general are either a one-to-one relationship or a one-to-many relationship. Figure 3 shows the standard way to draw the two types of relations.



Figure 3 The line connecting the *Country* entity and the *Capital* entity describes a one-to-one relation. The line connecting the *Team* entity with the *TeamMember* entity describes a one-to-many relation.

Complete the first section of the worksheet.

# **Activity 2: SQL Script Modification**

Now that you have properly designed the database modifications, you will realize them by writing SQL scripts (or modifying the original DDL file, albums.sql). Follow the directions in the worksheet in order to add the entities and relations you have designed in the previous activity to the tables and relations in the original *Albums* database.