

review session:

- Relations
 - Partial orders
 - Algorithm
 - Asymptotics
 - Sequence and summations
 - Induction.
 - Recursion
 - Master Theorem
 - Combinatorics:
- the materials before the midterm.

Relations.

Section 8.1, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5.

- Relation:
Definition, representation. relation on a set.
- Properties:
Reflexivity, symmetry, antisymmetric, irreflexive,
asymmetric.
- Combining relations:
V. N. - . °
- Representing relations.
matrices, directed graph.
- Closure of relations.
- Equivalence relation:

Relations:

* Consider the relation R_1, R_2 on the set $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ defined as follows:

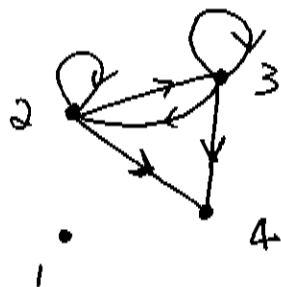
$$R_1 = \{(2,2), (2,3), (2,4), (3,2), (3,3), (3,4)\}$$

$$R_2 = \{(1,2), (2,1), (2,2), (3,3)\}$$

a) Draw the 0-1 matrix representation of R_1

$$\begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

b) Draw the digraph representation of R_1



c) Compute the matrix for $R_1 \cup R_2$.

$$\begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

d) Is R_1 reflexive?

No, since $(1,1) \notin R_1$.

e) Is R_1 symmetric?

No, since $(2,4) \in R_1$ but $(4,2) \notin R_1$.

f) Is R_1 transitive?

Yes, it is transitive.

g) Is R_1 an equivalent relation?

No. Since equivalence relations must be reflexive, symmetric, and transitive, but R_1 is not reflexive nor symmetric.

Partial order

Section 8.6.

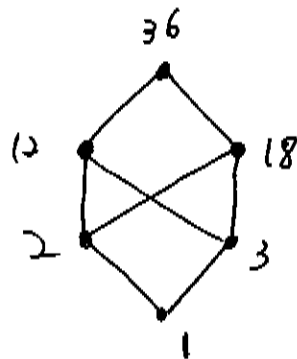
- Definition
- Principle of well-ordered induction.
- Lexicographic orderings
- Hasse Diagrams
- Extremal elements.
- Lattices
- Topological Sorting.

Partial order:

* Answer these questions from the poset:

($\{1, 2, 3, 12, 18, 36\}, |$) i.e. $a R b$ if a divides b

a) Draw the Hasse diagram for this poset:



b) what's the maximal elements in this poset?

$\{36\}$

c) what's the minimal elements in this poset?

$\{1\}$

d) what's the greatest lower bound of $\{2, 3\}$?

$\{1\}$

e) what's the upper bound of $\{2, 3\}$?

$\{12, 18, 36\}$

f) what's the least upper bounds of $\{2, 3\}$?

NO LUB.

e) Is this poset a Lattice?

No, \because for $\{12, 18, 36\}$, none of them precedes the other two w.r.t. $\#$ the ordering of this poset.