Example of how to use Algorithm2e

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This is how to write an algorithm (Algorithm 1) for finding the maximum element in a finite sequence (Slide 14 in Class Slides).

Algorithm 1: MAX finds the maximum numb	1: MAX finds the maximum number	the	find	IAX	1: N	hm 1	lgorit	Al
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Input: A finite set $A = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$ of integers Output: The largest element in the set 1 $max \leftarrow a_1$ 2 for $i \leftarrow 2$ to n do 3 $\begin{bmatrix} \text{if } a_i > max \text{ then} \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} max \leftarrow a_i \end{bmatrix}$ 5 return max

Algorithm 2 is a greedy change-making algorithm (Slide 19 in Class Slides).

Algorithm 2: CHANGE Makes change Input: A set $C = \{c_1, c_2, ..., c_r\}$ of denominations of coins, where $c_i > c_2 > ... > c_r$ and a positive number nOutput: A list of coins $d_1, d_2, ..., d_k$, such that $\sum +i = 1^k d_i = n$ and kis minimized 1 $C \leftarrow \emptyset$ 2 for $i \leftarrow 1$ to r do 3 | while $n \ge c_i$ do 4 | $C \leftarrow C \cup \{c_i\}$ 5 | | $n \leftarrow n - c_i$ 6 return C

Algorithm 3 and Algorithm 4 will find the first duplicate element in a sequence of integers.

Algorithm 3: FINDDUPLICATE

Input: A set sequence of integers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n Output: Location of the first value that repeats a previous value in the sequence $\mathbf{1} \ location \leftarrow \mathbf{0}$ $\mathbf{2} \ i \leftarrow 2$ 3 while $i \leq n$ and location = 0 do $\mathbf{4}$ $j \leftarrow 1$ while j < i and location = 0 do $\mathbf{5}$ 6 if $a_i = a_j$ then $\mid location \leftarrow i$ $\mathbf{7}$ else 8 $\ \ \, \bigsqcup{j \leftarrow j+1}$ 9

Algorithm 4: FINDDUPLICATE2
Input : A set sequence of integers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n
Output : Location of the first value that repeats a previous value in the
sequence
1 location $\leftarrow 0$
$2 \ i \leftarrow 2$
3 while $i \leq n$ and $location = 0$ do
$4 j \leftarrow 1$
5 while $j < i$ and $location = 0$ do
6 if $a_i = a_j$ then $location \leftarrow i$
7 else $j \leftarrow j+1$